

GLOBAL INDC WORKSHOP

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Overview



- UNDP's Regional Technical Dialogues on INDCs
 - Overview
 - Key Takeaways
- Building on Existing Work to Prepare INDCs
- Progress on INDCs Worldwide
- INDC Resources

Regional Technical Dialogues on INDCs: Overview (1)



- Initiative carried out by UNDP, in collaboration with UNFCCC Resilient nation
 and WRI (second series), to support countries in the process
 of preparing and putting forward their INDCs
- Funding from Australia, Austria, Belgium, European
 Commission, France, Germany, Japan, Norway, UK, and US

Regional Technical Dialogues

Bogota, Colombia: April 2014 (Latin America and the Caribbean)

Accra, Ghana: May 2014 (Africa)

Hanoi, Vietnam: July 2014 (Asia-Pacific & Eastern Europe)

Mexico City, Mexico: November 2014 (Latin America and the Caribbean)

Addis Ababa, Ethiopia: January 2015 (Africa)

Bangkok, Thailand: February 2015 (Asia-Pacific & Eastern Europe)

Regional Technical Dialogues on INDCs: Overview (2)



Objectives:

- Discuss technical elements, institutional context, and consultation processes for the preparation of INDCs
- 2) Share **experiences** in areas relevant to the contributions (learn from progress to date), and identify potential challenges and solutions
- 3) Carry out practical exercise to identify the key issues related to decision-making in INDC preparation
- Over 500 participants in the 6 dialogues: 110+ developing countries, 10 developed countries, technical experts, bilateral and multilateral organizations
- Complete meeting reports from all dialogues available

Key Takeaways from Dialogues: Main Challenges in Preparing INDCs



- Short timeframe for institutional processes, technical analysis, etc.
- Deciding what should be included in the INDCs and the legal and economic implications
- Securing high-level endorsement for climate actions to be included in INDCs
- Educating and involving stakeholders
- Limited data and modeling expertise for technical analysis
- Obtaining resources for undertaking consultations and technical analysis

Key Takeaways from Dialogues: Political Process



- INDCs should reflect diversity of national circumstances and recognize varying capacities and capabilities
- National priorities will determine contribution types and scope
- Important to set clear goals & timeline and define roles & responsibilities
- Define institutional arrangements using existing or new institutional structures
- Identify a lead institution, policy/sectoral experts, technical teams

• Link to development plans; be fair, equitable, transparent

Key Takeaways from Dialogues: Stakeholder Participation



- Need to secure stakeholders' engagement (determine who and how)
- Stakeholder process is critical to build trust, feed the technical process, and create mutual accountability
- Include public sector (relevant sectors and key ministries like planning and finance), but also civil society and academia
- Inclusion of private sector can be important but not clear how and when to engage them

Key Takeaways from Dialogues: Technical Process (1)



- INDCs can include mitigation action + adaptation + support (Lima COP decision leaves door open for including adaptation)
- More analysis needed on feasibility of proposed contributions, including co-benefits
- Challenge is how to strike a balance between sound information, linkages with political processes, and realistic goals

Key Takeaways from Dialogues: Technical Process (2)



- Make use of possible scenarios to determine suite of options for INDCs (understanding potential trends)
- Prioritize policies and actions with highest implementation and impact potential (avoid dispersion)
- Revisit, as needed, likely "package" to be put forward ("what-if approach" to assess different pathways and ensure buy-in)
- Determine what could be domestically funded vs. what could be undertaken with additional support (understanding resources needed)

Building on Existing Work to Prepare INDCs (1)



- Countries should build on existing work and past experiences as they prepare INDCs
- INDCs should be embedded into existing plans and strategies
 - LEDS, climate change plans, green growth strategies, other development plans, etc.
 - Ensure alignment with development priorities, national objectives, climate change laws, etc.
- Previously communicated targets/plans provide good starting point for INDCs
 - Energy targets, carbon neutrality goals, NAPs, TNAs, etc.

Building on Existing Work to Prepare INDCs (2)



- INDCs should build on past mitigation and adaptation efforts
 - NAMAs, CDM projects, other mitigation measures, regulations,
 NAPAs, etc.
 - Assess climate change initiatives that have already been adopted or planned and scale up
- Countries should utilize existing information, data, and analysis
 - Map out available information, start with what you have
 - Collecting new data or carrying out new analyses may not be necessary

Building on Existing Work toPrepare INDCs (3)



 Information from countries' National Communications can provide important inputs for INDCs

Technical level

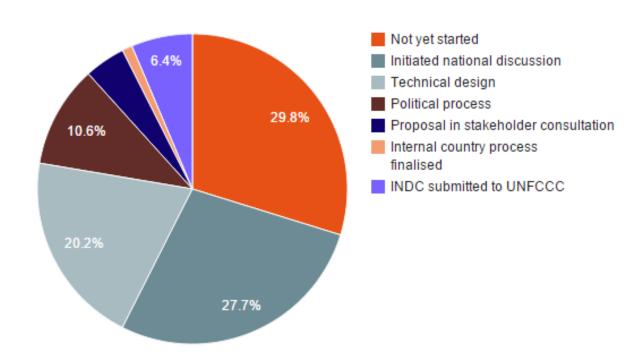
- National GHG inventories, mitigation analysis, etc.
- Identification of priorities and linkages with relevant development needs
- Baseline scenarios and projections
- Identification of data gaps

Institutional level

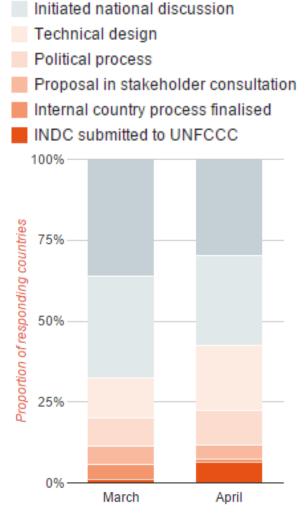
- Institutional arrangements and consultation process
- Engagement of relevant sectoral institutions
- Data compilation processes
- Capacity development activities

Progress on INDCs Worldwide (1)





 70% of countries consulted through UNDPfunded NewClimate Institute study have started their INDC processes



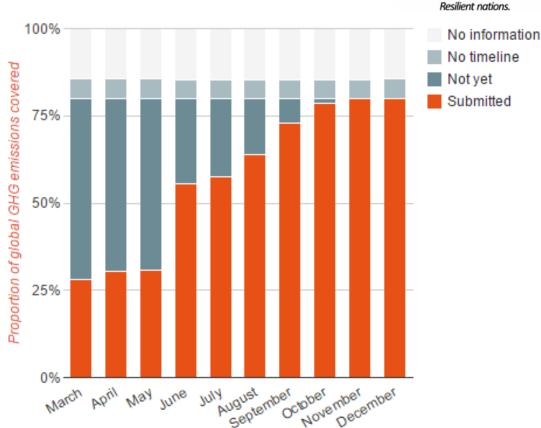
Not yet started

Progress on INDCs Worldwide (2)

U N
D P

Empowered lives
Resilient nations

- Submissions by the end of June will cover over half of global emissions
- Most countries plan to submit INDCs before 1 October

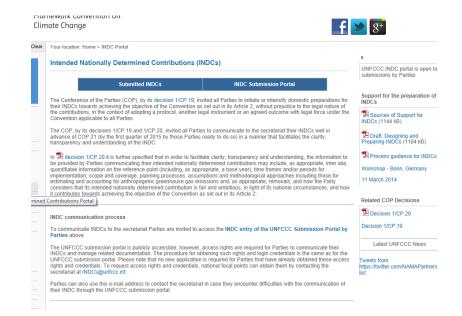


Further statistics and results on INDC preparations available at newclimate.org

Progress on INDCs Worldwide: Submissions to Date



- 7 Parties have submitted their INDCs as of 12 April
 - Switzerland
 - European Union
 - Norway
 - Mexico
 - United States
 - Gabon
 - Russia



INDC Portal online:

http://www4.unfccc.int/submissions/INDC/Submission%20Pages/submissions.aspx

Resources: INDC Guidance (1)

Guidance document has been developed by WRI and UNDP, responds to requests made in the Regional Technical Dialogues



- Key technical elements to be considered for the preparation of INDCs
- No perfect formula for preparing an INDC (depends on national priorities, data availability, etc.), but key steps and good practices can help
- Not prescriptive up to countries to decide whether to use it
- Not meant to prejudge the outcome of the UNFCCC negotiations
- Considered key outcomes of COP 20 in Lima

Resources: INDC Guidance (2)

- U N
 D P

 Empowered lives.
 Resilient nations.
- INDC Guidance has gone through extensive comment period reviewed by dozens of countries and NGOs
- Revised, unedited version was distributed on 10 April
- Contents of this will be reflected in WRI's presentation

Adaptation

- A chapter on options for considering adaptation in the preparation of INDCs (in response to the Lima decision) is now going through public review
 - This chapter will be incorporated into the full guidance document



Resources: Global Support Programme for INDC Preparation



- A GEF-funded programme to provide technical assistance to countries for national communications, BURs, and INDCs
- Implemented jointly by UNDP and UNEP, linked with the NC preparation to ensure synergies
- Launched in Jan 2015 to work with national teams on ways to address technical gaps and support consultation processes
- Support activities include exchange of experiences, targeted online support, webinars, dissemination of relevant materials, etc.
- Contact point on INDC support through the GSP yamil.bonduki@undp.org and george.manful@unep.org

Thank you

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